SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES COUNCIL, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2011

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KEEN, PROFFITT & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 468 East Main Street, Suite 317A Abingdon, VA 24210

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of the Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. as of June 30, 2011, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. as of June 30, 2011, and the results of its activities and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Keen, Proffitt & Co., P.C.

Abingdon, Virginia January 25, 2012

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES COUNCIL, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2011

ASSETS	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Totals
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 33,842 225 931	\$ 23,926 - -	\$ 57,768 225 931
Total current assets	34,998	23,926	58,924
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT Office furniture and equipment Training equipment Vehicles Communication equipment Leasehold Improvements Less: accumulated depreciation Total property & equipment, net Total assets	123,774 61,869 31,605 260 7,452 224,960 (181,015) 43,945 \$ 78,943	- - - - - - \$ 23,926	123,774 61,869 31,605 260 7,452 224,960 (181,015) 43,945 \$ 102,869
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$ 1,544 10,791 3,272 15,607	\$ - - -	\$ 1,544 10,791 3,272 15,607
NET ASSETS	63,336	23,926	87,262
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 78,943	\$ 23,926	\$ 102,869

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES COUNCIL, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		 Totals
SUPPORT AND REVENUE					
State training income Local governments Other training income Contributions United Way Interest Other income Net assets released from restrictions: Satisfaction of donor restrictions	\$	283,940 47,427 3,722 29,235 250 78 2,991 88,212	\$	107,270	\$ 391,210 47,427 3,722 29,235 250 78 2,991
Total support and revenue		455,855		19,058	 474,913
EXPENSES					
Salaries and wages Training programs expense Rent Payroll taxes Depreciation Telephone and utilities Legal and accounting Office Repairs and maintenance Travel and meetings Textbook expense Insurance Miscellaneous Taxes and licenses Penalties Employee tuition reimbursement Postage Dues and subscriptions Contract labor Interest		219,535 88,816 33,610 18,879 17,899 13,744 13,379 11,653 8,761 8,284 3,747 3,715 3,505 1,653 1,638 1,093 1,068 700 164 63		- - - - - - - - -	219,535 88,816 33,610 18,879 17,899 13,744 13,379 11,653 8,761 8,284 3,747 3,715 3,505 1,653 1,638 1,093 1,068 700 164 63
Total expenses		451,906		-	 451,906
Theft loss		-			
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		3,949		19,058	23,007
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		59,387		4,868	64,255
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	63,336	\$	23,926	\$ 87,262

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES COUNCIL, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Unr	estricted_	porarily estricted	 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to cash provided by operating activities:	\$	3,949	\$ 19,058	\$ 23,007
Depreciation		17,899	-	17,899
Accounts receivable		1,357	-	1,357
Prepaid expenses		(431)		(431)
Accounts payable Other liabilities		399	-	399
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,806	 19,058	 22,864
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property and equipment		(15,303)	 	 (15,303)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(11,497)	19,058	7,561
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		45,339	 4,868	 50,207
CASH, END OF PERIOD		33,842	23,926	57,768

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Business Activity

Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. (the Council) is a non-stock, non-profit corporation, serving thirteen counties and three cities in southwest Virginia. The Council is the sole regional agency operating in the area to plan and implement an improved and functional EMS delivery system through the coordination of activities among volunteer rescue squads, government agencies, hospitals, and individuals among the general public.

B. Accounting Methodology

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other assets and liabilities.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Council considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

D. Financial Statement Presentation

The Council reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets; unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. These financial statements report amounts separately by class of net assets as follows:

Unrestricted net assets – net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations

Temporarily restricted net assets – net assets of the organization resulting from (a) inflows of assets whose use by the organization is limited by donor imposed stipulations that either expire by the passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the organization pursuant to those stipulations; (b) other asset enhancements and diminishments subject to the same kind of stipulations; (c) reclassifications to (or from) other classes of net assets as a consequence of donor imposed stipulations, their expiration by passage of time, or their fulfillment and removal by actions of the organization pursuant to those stipulations.

Permanently restricted net assets – net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may be maintained permanently by the organization. The Council had no permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2011.

The Council reports gifts of cash and other assets as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When the donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Contributions received, including unconditional promises to give, are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restriction in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

F. Income Taxes

The Council is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and tax statues of the Commonwealth of Virginia and incurred no income tax liability on unrelated business income for the year ended June 30, 2011.

G. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Council has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 25, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on fixed assets is computed for financial reporting purposes using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of the assets range from 5 - 10 years.

	Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2011
Office Furniture & Equipment	\$118,004	\$5,770	\$ -0-	\$123,774
Communications Equipment	260	-0-	-()-	260
Training Equipment	59,789	2,080	-()-	61,869
Vehicles	31,605	-0-	-0-	31,605
Leasehold Improvements	-0-	7,452	-0-	7,452
Accumulated Depreciation	(163,116)	(17,899)	-0-	(181,015)
Totals	\$46,542	<u>\$(2,597)</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$43,945

Expenditures for acquisition, renewals, and betterments are capitalized, whereas maintenance and repair costs are charged to expense as incurred. When properties are retired or otherwise disposed of, the appropriate accounts are relieved of costs and accumulated depreciation and any resultant gain or loss is credited or charged to income.

3. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Each full-time employee earns paid time off (PTO) based on length of employment. Unused PTO hours may be carried forward from year to year. PTO carryover is capped at 500 hours per employee. Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for unused PTO that has been earned through the last day of work up to a maximum of 200 hours. At June 30, 2011, the accrual for compensated balances was \$10,791.

4. LEASE AGREEMENT

In November 2010, the Council relocated to Bristol, Virginia and entered into a lease agreement for the facility. The lease terminates in October 2015, with options to renew. The lease provides that the Organization reimburse the lessor for insurance and taxes related to the property. Minimum monthly rent for the new facility is \$3,220 per month, which includes estimates for insurance and taxes. Future minimum rental payments for fiscal years ended are as follows:

June 30, 2012	\$ 38,640
June 30, 2013	38,640
June 30, 2014	38,640
June 30, 2015	38,640
June 30, 2016	9,660
Total future minimum rental payments:	\$ 164,220

5. THEFT LOSS

In June 2010, the Council became aware that an employee had perpetrated a scheme to embezzle cash from the Council beginning in 2006. No theft loss has been recorded in these financial statements.

On November 19, 2010, the defendant pled guilty to bank fraud and identity theft and on April, 17, 2011 was sentenced to 53 months in prison and ordered to pay \$229,079.65 in restitution. However, due to the uncertainty of timing and the amount of actual collection of the restitution, a gain contingency and resulting receivable has not been recorded as of the date of these financial statements.

KEEN, PROFFITT & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants 468 East Main Street, Suite 317A Abingdon, Virginia 24210-3497 (276) 676-3004

INTERNAL CONTROL REPORT

To the Executive Committee & Board of Directors of Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc., for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify deficiencies in Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc.'s internal control considered to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in United Way of Washington County, Inc.'s internal control to be a significant deficiency.

Cash Disbursements

The responsibility of the disbursement of funds rests solely on one or two individuals. In order to improve the internal controls in the disbursement area, the following are recommended:

- Consistently and in one common location, keep all voided checks.
- Establish a formal written purchasing policy which states Board approval necessary for purchases above dollar limits as determined by the governing Board.

In addition, we noted other matters involving the internal control and its operation that we have reported to management. Our comments and suggestions concerning those matters are identified below.

Executive Committee and Board of Directors Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. Internal Control Report Page 2

Other Internal Control Suggestions

Capitalization Policy and Fixed Asset Posting

It is recommended that the Organization establish a formal written capitalization policy for recording property and equipment, including a dollar threshold to be met for capitalization. All assets meeting this policy should then be posted to the property and equipment section of the general ledger.

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Payroll Processing

The organization has hourly employees that were not held back for a pay period. In order for the external bookkeeper to timely prepare payroll for distribution, hourly employees hours must be estimated for the days in between processing and delivery of payroll and corrected in a future period if unexpected time off occurs. We recommend hourly employees be converted to a "hold back" period so time paid will reflect actual hours worked.

Organization Structure

The size of the organization's accounting and administrative staff precludes certain internal controls that would be preferred if the office staff were large enough to provide optimum segregation of duties. This situation dictates that the Board of Directors remains involved in the financial affairs of the Organization to provide oversight and independent review functions.

We wish to thank the Executive Director and staff of Southwest Virginia Emergency Medical Services Council, Inc. for their support of our audit.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Executive Members, and others within the Organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keen, Proffit & Co., P.C.

Abingdon, Virginia

January 25, 2012